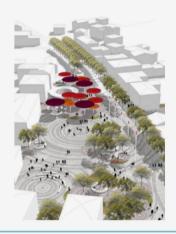
In how far is a country's environmental performance determined by its stage in the urbanization process?

By Anna, Finnja, Milan, Tim and Jonas May 8, 2020

Introduction

- •One of the major challenges of worldwide urbanization lies in the management of urban planning and development.
- •The notion of **sustainable urbanization** emerged as a dynamic process that aims to find a balance between the environmental, social, economic and governance factors of an urban area to manage the harmful impact posed by worldwide urbanization (UN-Habitat/DFID, 2002)

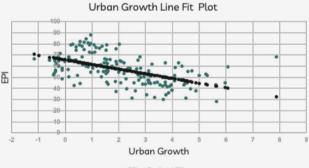


? About the EPI

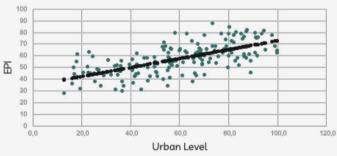
- •Our data was retrieved from the 2018 Environmental Performance Index (EPI) which measured the environmental performance of 180 countries
- •The EPI consists of **two policy objectives**:
- 1. Environmental Health and;
- 2. Ecosystem Vitality
- •These constitute two distinct dimensions of sustainability.



3 Data Analysis



For every 1% increase in urban growth, the Environmental Performance Index (EPI) of a specific country decreases on average about 1.88 (within the multiple regression with urban level and GDP p.c.). Urban Level Line Fit Plot



For every 1% increase in urban level, the Environmental Performance Index (EPI) of a specific country increases on average about 0.11 (within the multiple regression with urban level and GDP p.c.).

● EPI ● Predicted EPI

4 Case Study

Switzerland is in a **mature stage of urbanization** (high urban level, low urban growth) and is currently ranked first on the EPI.

•The case study shows that a country that has already gone through an urbanization process can shift its focus from short-term problems related to rapid urbanization to other pressing, issues such a sustainable development

Kenya is in an **early stage of urbanization** (high urban growth, low urban level) and is currently ranked 130 on the EPI.

•The case study illustrates that countries undergoing rapid urbanization are required to implement sustainable urban policies to ensure that urban growth can occur without further detriment to the environment.

5 Conclusion

It is crucial for countries which are currently undergoing significant population growth in urban areas to transform this development into a sustainable process associated with continuous improvements in environmental performance.

